

# Cyberattack Readiness Checklist



Follow us on LinkedIn to receive more powerful IT checklists for your business.

### CHECKLIST

# Cyberattack Readiness Checklist

Cadence	
Last Review	
Date	
Ву	

This comprehensive checklist is designed to guide you through essential steps for preparing, detecting, containing, and recovering from a cyberattack. It focuses on minimising impact through proactive data protection, controlled access, rapid response protocols, and efficient restoration processes, ensuring your business can maintain resilience and recover quickly.

#### **Preparation & Prevention**

- Identify & Secure Critical Assets
  - Classify key assets and data by order of importance, focusing on those essential for business continuity.
  - Set up impact-reduction priorities directed towards protecting the most critical assets.
- Develop & Update Incident Response Protocols
  - Create quick-response procedures for faster containment.
  - Define escalation paths for timely and effective response.
  - Strengthen Access Controls & Implement Network Segmentation
    - Apply role-based access control (RBAC) to restrict sensitive data access based on roles.
    - Segment the network to limit the spread of a potential attack.
    - □ Use adaptive security controls such as multifactor authentication (MFA) and geo-restrictions.
  - Implement Data Backup & Redundancy Measures
    - Enable automated, encrypted backups to store critical data securely offsite.
    - Establish system redundancy and auto-failover to ensure continuous operation.

- Conduct Employee Cybersecurity Awareness
  - Educate employees on detecting phishing, social engineering, and suspicious links.
- Prepare Communication & Response Teams
  - Identify team members responsible for incident coordination, technical response, and communication.
  - Develop a communication strategy to reduce delays in stakeholder communication during an attack.
- Install & Update Antivirus & Anti-Malware Software
  - Install antivirus and anti-malware solutions across all devices keeping them up to date.
  - Set antivirus software to update automatically, ensuring the latest threat definitions and protections are always in place.

#### **Identification & Rapid Containment**

- Enable Real-Time Threat Detection
  - Deploy intrusion detection and prevention systems (IDS/IPS) that detect abnormal activities early.
  - Set up impact-based alerts to prioritise critical threats.

### CHECKLIST

# Cyberattack Readiness Checklist

- Run Vulnerability Scans & Penetration Testing
  - Conduct regular vulnerability scans to identify and address system weaknesses.
  - Schedule penetration testing and simulate real attacks to uncover and patch any entry points.

#### Impact Assessment

- Analyse the Extent of the Compromise
  - Identify compromised data and systems to understand the scope of the attack.
  - Evaluate the attack type (e.g., ransomware, malware) to plan the best course of action.
- Prioritise Impacted Assets & Operations
  - Focus on high-priority systems to reduce immediate impact.
  - Document evidence for analysis by capturing logs, system screenshots etc.
- Activate Communication Plan
  - Notify internal teams about the incident and steps for immediate containment.
  - Inform external stakeholders (if needed).

#### **Restoration & Review**

- Restore Systems from Secure Backups
  - Run malware scans to ensure data backups are clean before reinstallation.
  - Restore essential systems first, focusing on critical operations to reduce business disruption.

- Monitor for Residual Threats
  - Monitor network activity post-restoration, checking for signs of recurring issues.
  - Address any system vulnerabilities identified during the incident to prevent future incidents.
- Conduct a Post-Incident Review
  - Analyse the incident, reviewing which response methods were effective and identifying areas needing improvement.
  - Update cybersecurity and incident response plans.
- Implement Long-Term Security Enhancements
  - Run simulations of cyberattacks targeting critical assets to refine containment and response protocols.
  - Regularly update cybersecurity tools and training to stay prepared against new and evolving threats.

